

English Programmes of Study – READING COMPREHENSION

Year 1 Programme of Study	Year 2 Programme of Study	Years 3 & 4 Programme of Study	Years 5 & 6 Programme of Study
<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ listening to and discussing a wide range of poems, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently ○ being encouraged to link what they read or hear read to their own experiences ○ becoming very familiar with key stories, fairy stories and traditional tales, retelling them and considering their particular characteristics ○ recognising and joining in with predictable phrases ○ learning to appreciate rhymes and poems, and to recite some by heart ○ discussing word meanings, linking new meanings to those already known ▪ understand both the books they can already read accurately and fluently and those they listen to by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher ○ checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading ○ discussing the significance of the title and events ○ making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done ○ predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far 	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ listening to, discussing and expressing views about a wide range of contemporary and classic poetry, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently ○ discussing the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related ○ becoming increasingly familiar with and retelling a wider range of stories, fairy stories and traditional tales ○ being introduced to non-fiction books that are structured in different ways ○ recognising simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry ○ discussing and clarifying the meanings of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary ○ discussing their favourite words and phrases ○ continuing to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart, appreciating these and reciting some, with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear ▪ understand both the books that they can already read accurately and fluently and those that they listen to by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher ○ checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading ○ making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done ○ answering and asking questions ○ predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far 	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ develop positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ listening to and discussing a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks ○ reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes ○ using dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read ○ increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including fairy stories, myths and legends, and retelling some of these orally ○ identifying themes and conventions in a wide range of books ○ preparing poems and play scripts to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action ○ discussing words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination ○ recognising some different forms of poetry [for example, free verse, narrative poetry] ▪ understand what they read, in books they can read independently, by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ checking that the text makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and explaining the meaning of words in context ○ asking questions to improve their understanding of a text ○ drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence ○ predicting what might happen from details stated and implied ○ identifying main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarising these ○ identifying how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning 	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ maintain positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ continuing to read and discuss an increasingly wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks ○ reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes ○ increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including myths, legends and traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and books from other cultures and traditions ○ recommending books that they have read to their peers, giving reasons for their choices ○ identifying and discussing themes and conventions in and across a wide range of writing ○ making comparisons within and across books ○ learning a wider range of poetry by heart ○ preparing poems and plays to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience ▪ understand what they read by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ checking that the book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and exploring the meaning of words in context ○ asking questions to improve their understanding ○ drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence ○ predicting what might happen from details stated and implied ○ summarising the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identifying key details that support the main ideas ○ identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning ▪ discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader ▪ distinguish between statements of fact and opinion

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ participate in discussion about what is read to them, taking turns and listening to what others say. ▪ explain clearly their understanding of what is read to them. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ participate in discussion about books, poems and other works that are read to them and those that they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say ▪ explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material, both those that they listen to and those that they read for themselves. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ retrieve and record information from non-fiction ▪ participate in discussion about both books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction ▪ participate in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously ▪ explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates, maintaining a focus on the topic and using notes where necessary ▪ provide reasoned justifications for their views.
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